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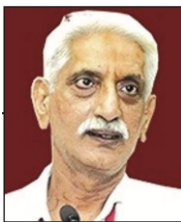
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Delhi E-Rickshaw New Draft Policy 2026 — Promise or Just Paperwork?



Parivahan Vishesh News

2.5 Lakh Cap, Mandatory ECC and Old Challenge of Enforcement

Delhi Government's Transport

Department Seeks Suggestions in 30 Days, But Who Will Implement on Ground?

Sanjay Kumar Bathla - Chief Editor — Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra

1. What is the proposal — Facts at a glance:* The Transport Department of Delhi Government has prepared a new draft policy to control traffic jams, road safety and unregulated operation of e-rickshaws in the capital. The draft has been made public and suggestions have been invited from general public and all stakeholders within 30 days.

Main Points: - *Maximum Limit:* Number of e-rickshaws with valid ECC limited to 2.5 lakh-

Individual Limit: Maximum 5 e-rickshaws in name of one person,* *Residence Mandatory:* Being resident of Delhi mandatory for new owners- *Company/Firm Limit:* Maximum 100 vehicles for companies, firms, cooperative societies

- *Aggregator License:* Mandatory for entities operating 25 or more e-rickshaws

- *ECC Mandatory:* Every e-rickshaw must have valid E-Rickshaw Compliance Certificate (ECC), validity 2 years

- *License Mandatory:* Driver must have valid e-rickshaw driving license + Public Service Vehicle Badge- *One-to-One Linking:* One driver/license cannot be linked to more than one valid ECC

- *Passenger Limit:* Maximum 4 passengers besides driver, luggage up to 40 kg, standing travel and sitting on driver seat prohibited

- *Humanitarian Responsibility:* Helping elderly and disabled passengers to board-deboard mandatory- *Parking/Operation:* No operation on restricted roads, parking at place where traffic is not obstructed, displaying owner's name-address-contact number on vehicle mandatory



- *Penalty:* Provision for action and fine on violation

2. Old Policy Vs New Draft Policy — Comparative Analysis Subject Previous Status (Post-2015 system) New Draft Policy 2026 Number Limit No effective cap, registration increased uncontrollably Maximum limit of 2.5 lakh proposed

Ownership Dozens of vehicles in name of one person, tendency to give on rent Limit of 5 for individual, 100 for company Residence Condition Operation of vehicles from outside states in Delhi common Delhi resident mandatory for new owner ECC / Compliance Registration only was considered enough, negligible check of ECC ECC mandatory, 2-year validity, operation without ECC illegal Driver License Large number of drivers without license, without badge License + PSV badge mandatory, one driver - one ECC Passenger Capacity Overloading up to 6-7 passengers common, cause of accident Clear limit of 4 passengers + 40 kg Aggregator No control Aggregator license mandatory on 25+ vehicles

Parking/Route Illegal occupation at metro stations, markets, main roads Restricted roads fixed, rule of systematic parking

Transparency Owner's identity often unknown Display of name-address-contact on vehicle mandatory

Conclusion: The old policy remained

limited to making rules, the new policy tries to bind the rules. But difference will not come in paper of policy, it will come in enforcement.

3. The Biggest Question — Who Will Enforce? This is the same Delhi where: - Delhi High Court has given strict orders many times on uncontrolled operation of e-rickshaws, overloading, operation without license.- Gazette notification issued by Lieutenant Governor also kept gathering dust in files.- Despite enforcement branch of Transport Department and Delhi Traffic Police having sufficient staff, vehicles and technology, implementation on roads appeared to be zero. The question is: When orders of High Court and gazetted notification itself were flouted, then who will take the new draft policy seriously? *4. If Not Implemented Then What Should Be the Punishment?

— Editorial Proposal:* The demand of Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra is that provision of punishment for officers and agencies should also be mandatorily added in this policy, not only for driver-owner. *Proposed Penalty System:*

1. For Enforcement Officer:

- If illegal e-rickshaw operation is found in designated area, then departmental inquiry against concerned Enforcement Inspector/Zonal Officer, disobedience recorded in monthly report and withholding of increment.- On disobedience of orders of High Court/Notification, automatically refer to department for contempt proceedings.

*2. For Traffic Police: *- On not taking action

on complaints of regular operation on restricted roads, concerned Police Station/Traffic Circle to be made accountable, reply report will have to be given to higher officials within 30 days. *3. For Vehicle Owner/Driver: *- First time — Heavy fine + ECC suspension 30 days- Second time — ECC cancelled + vehicle seizure + no new registration for 6 months- Third time — Permanent blacklisting and aggregator license cancelled

4. Institutional Accountability:*

- Every month Transport Department will have to publish enforcement report in front of Delhi Government and public — how many challans, how many ECC cancelled, how many vehicles seized.- Digital Monitoring — GPS/QR code based ECC verification mandatory, so that checking on road happens in 2 minutes. Without officer accountability, this policy will also remain a paper announcement like previous policies. *5. What is Necessary in Public Interest?*- Before finalizing the policy, 30-day suggestions should not be just formality, hearing of drivers, unions, RWAs and passengers should be done.- Like medical and education, e-rickshaw should also be considered as means of employment and last-mile connectivity, not just burden.- Before imposing fine on poor driver, government should make arrangement to get him license, ECC and training. *Editorial Comment:* Delhi needs e-rickshaws, but not unbridled e-rickshaws. Policy is good, intention is doubtful. If government wants difference to be made this time, then it will have to first rein in its own departments. Otherwise, limit of 2.5 lakh will also become jam of 5 lakh.



PARIVAHAN VISHESH SAMACHAR PATRA | ENGLISH EDITION

2. Old Policy vs New Draft Policy — Comparative Analysis

Subject	Previous Status (Post-2015 System)	New Draft Policy 2026
Number Limit	No effective cap, registration increased uncontrollably	Maximum limit of 2.5 lakh proposed
Ownership	Dozens of vehicles in name of one person, tendency to rent out	Limit of 5 for individual, 100 for company
Residence Condition	Operation of vehicles from outside states in Delhi common	Delhi resident mandatory for new owner
ECC / Compliance	Registration only considered enough, negligible check of ECC	ECC mandatory, 2-year validity, operation without ECC illegal
Driver License	Large number of drivers without license, without badge	License + PSV badge mandatory, one driver - one ECC
Passenger Capacity	Overloading up to 6-7 passengers common, cause of accident	Clear limit of 4 passengers + 40 kg
Aggregator	No control	Aggregator license mandatory on 25+ vehicles
Parking / Route	Illegal occupation at metro stations, markets, main roads	Restricted roads fixed, systematic parking rule
Transparency	Owner identity often unknown	Display of name-address-contact on vehicle mandatory

Conclusion: The old policy remained limited to making rules; the new policy tries to bind the rules. However, the difference will not be on the policy paper, it will be in enforcement.

GOVERNANCE & TRANSPORT | COMPARATIVE POLICY REVIEW

Question and Request to Public in Public Interest by Temple of Liberalization and Welfare Allied Trust (Registered)

Parivahan Vishesh News

Leaders from Public or Public from Leaders — Government by the People or People by the Government

Sanjay Kumar Bathla

Editorial — Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra - Temple of Liberalization and Welfare Allied Trust (Registered)* When political parties start luring the public with freebies to capture power, and the public also, forgetting its own rights, starts putting any political party into power lured by freebies, then Should the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the largest bench of India — the bench of the Chief Justice of India, at least a bench of 5 Justices, not intervene? Giving free is the responsibility of the government, there is no doubt about it. But who should be given free, it has become extremely necessary today to ensure this and to make rules on it by the bench of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Political parties have started making the tax paid by the public itself for building the nation of India their biggest weapon to sit in power. The money which should be spent for the



progress of the country is being wasted in capturing power. Free is definitely necessary — but to whom? First of all, if free has to be given to someone, then: 1. All education up to 12th should be made free2. All hospitals should be made free so that public gets proper health services3. Free services should be provided to the disabled of the country4. Free services should be provided to children living without mother-father5. Free services should be provided to elderly whose supporters do not support them or have no support6. Free services should be provided to widowed women who have no other support Most important — Apart from

some extremely essential needy communities in the country, if the government can give free services then only Medical and Education should be declared in free services, and that too not for any one community, but for all Indian citizens. Today's truth — Today's truth is not hidden from anyone — neither from the public nor from the Supreme Court of the country of India — how political parties are coming to power by giving flowery speeches and free announcements. If the Supreme Court does not want to intervene to put a stop to this, then at least in public interest and public welfare it can issue an order that

— Whatever political party or leader has come to seat and to power by making such free announcements, they will fulfill all these free announcements made, from their own property or the property of the political party, and not from the tax levied by the public to be used for the progress of the country. If you also agree with this, then cooperate in the progress of the country by putting your point before the Supreme Court of India yourself or by joining Temple of Liberalization and Welfare Allied Trust (Registered) and requesting to issue guidelines through the bench.

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परिवहन विशेष - Parivahan Vishesh | प्रधान संपादक संजय कुमार बाठला | Editor in Chief Sanjay Kumar Bathla | सह संपादक पंकी कुंडु | Co Editor Pinki Kundu | अक्टूबर 2026 | October 2026

Parivahan Vishesh news

License not found in purse? No need to spoil your mind, new DL in 2-4 weeks in 4 easy steps - Parivahan Vishesh Public Interest Guide* *Complete information in public interest from Parivahan Vishesh:- What to do when DL is lost and how to get Duplicate DL?

Fact 1: Don't panic, this is a common problem.*According to RTO data, every year lakhs of people lose their DL, it gets stolen or damaged. The government has made its solution completely online. No need to get into the clutches of brokers. *Fact 2: 4 easy steps to get Duplicate DL - from home:* *STEP 1: File FIR / NCR (Most Important)*- First of all, file an online complaint of DL loss at the nearest police station or on your state's police portal (like Delhi Police - Lost Report).- Write DL number, place and date of loss in FIR/NCR.- Save a copy of FIR in PDF, this is your biggest proof that DL is not misused.- Cost: Almost free. *STEP 2: Go to Parivahan Sewa Website*- Official website: <https://parivahan.gov.in> or <https://sarathi.parivahan.gov.in>- Process: Online Services > Driving Licence Related Services > Select your state > Apply for Duplicate DL- Enter your old DL number, date of birth, Aadhar number and verify with OTP. If you don't remember DL number then you can find it from "Find

DL Number" by name and date of birth. *STEP 3: Upload Required Documents*- Copy of FIR / NCR- Aadhar Card (for address proof)- Passport size photo and signature (if RTO asks)- Details of old DL (if available)- Scan and upload all documents. *STEP 4: Pay Fee and Wait*- Fee: Government fee for Duplicate DL is from Rs 200 to Rs 500 (as per state). Like in Delhi Rs 500 + Smart card fee, in UP around Rs 400.- Payment: Online through Debit Card / UPI / Net Banking.- Time: After verification, within 2 to 4 weeks new DL will come by post to your address linked with Aadhar. In many states you can also collect from RTO or you can immediately download Digital DL in mParivahan / DigiLocker.- Tracking: You can see status on Parivahan portal with Application Number. Helpline: 1073 (MoRTH) *Important Suggestions - Advice of Parivahan Vishesh: *- Duplicate DL will have "DUPLICATE" written on it, but it is as valid as original.- Always keep digital copy of DL saved in DigiLocker and mParivahan App, it is legally valid and useful in police checking.- Change the habit of keeping DL in bag - keep it at a fixed place and take a photo and keep it in phone.- No need to give Rs 4000-6000 to any agent, entire work is done sitting at home within Rs 500. *Editorial Comment:* "If not found in pocket, found on Parivahan" - This is the real solution, instead of getting angry, it is better to take out 10 minutes and apply online. Don't worry, use the given method and get Duplicate DL sitting at home.

Given the continuous support and cooperation that Parivahan Vishesh Newspaper has received from all of you over the past three years, and considering its growing role in amplifying your voice day by day, the management of Parivahan Vishesh Newspaper and Transport Vishesh News Limited have decided to launch the public's own channel, '**Parivahan Vishesh News Doordarshan**,' from the month of October. The objective of this initiative is to deliver public interest news, public welfare information, public awareness, and important updates more rapidly and effectively to the Government of India, various State Governments, and all political organizations before anyone else.

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PARIVAHAN VISHESH NEWS DOORDARSHAN

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We hope that just as you have supported and contributed to taking "Parivahan Vishesh Newspaper" to great heights in today's era, in the same way, you will continue to support "Parivahan Vishesh News Doordarshan," which is being launched to become the voice of the people, and help us make it the world's largest news.



Sanjay Bathla
Editor in chief

Should you keep hair open at night, make a bun or sleep with a braid? Learn from beauty goddess Shahnaz Husain which method is best

Parivahan Vishesh News

Shahnaz Husain

Before going to bed at night, we often take care of things like pillow, bedsheet and room temperature, but we do not pay much attention to what to do with hair. Hair care is as important at night as it is during the day. In fact, when you sleep your body goes into repair mode and this is the time when hair growth happens naturally. In such situation if hair is kept in wrong way then it can get damaged. Sleeping with hair open and sleeping with tight tied hair, both methods have different effects on your

hair. If you have long hair and you sleep leaving hair open at night then it can be harmful because long hair rubs here and there on pillow throughout night due to which chances of breakage increase. To prevent damage to hair from pillow, silk or satin cover should be put on pillow. Silk contains amino acids and natural proteins which protect hair from breaking, becoming dry and tangling. It also reduces sleep lines (wrinkles) on face due to which damage to hair can be reduced. Using mulberry silk or satin pillow



cover reduces friction and hair tangles less. Long hair can get pressed under neck or get tangled while changing sides or moving head while sleeping and rub against each other, due to which hair can look quite tangled and dry on waking up in morning. If your hair is long then you should make a loose

braid before sleeping at night. Instead of mulberry silk, putting satin cover on pillow will be better because it is budget-friendly. It is usually woven from polyester which gives silk-like shine and smoothness. Its surface is also smooth, due to which friction on hair and skin is less. It is

quite durable compared to silk and can be easily washed in machine. But it is less breathable compared to silk, so it can create some heat on hot nights. Investing in silk or satin pillow cover is a simple but effective way to improve health of your hair and skin, along with it also improves quality of your sleep. By braiding hair, neither will your hair get tangled nor will it break much. By tying long and thick hair and sleeping, scalp will also remain relaxed. Braiding hair increases growth of hair and also protects it from breaking. Also, due to loose braid, hair is able to breathe properly. But do not sleep tying hair too tight at night because due to this constant pull is exerted on scalp, due to which roots of hair can become weak and hair can fall. If your hair is short and you sleep with hair open, then it is comfortable. Tying

short hair and sleeping does not cause any pull on scalp. Short hairs do not tangle with each other. Short hairs get air due to which scalp gets ease in breathing and blood circulation becomes better. You can sleep by making loose braid of your hair but braid should not be very tight. Use silk or satin scrunchie to make braid. Apart from this, you can also sleep by putting silk or satin hair cover on your hair. Putting hair cover is the best method. Due to this hair does not tangle, friction in hair is less and hair feels silky even next day. If your hair is very dry, then it can be beneficial to apply light hair serum or coconut oil at night and sleep. Due to this hair remains moisturized and breakage reduces.

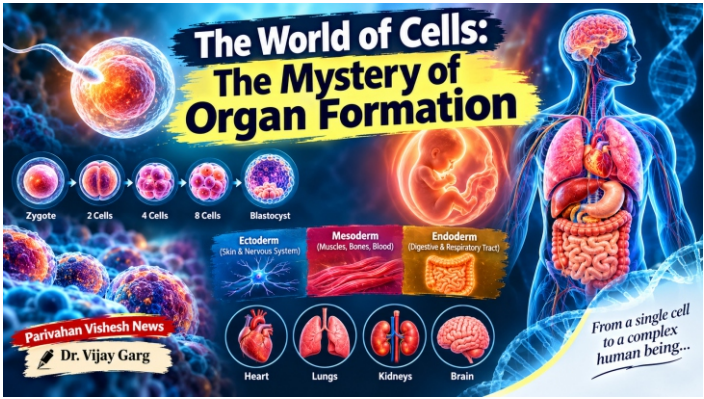
The writer is internationally renowned beauty expert and is popular as Herbal Queen.

The World of Cells: The Mystery of Organ Formation

Parivahan Vishesh News

Dr. Vijay Garg

The human body is an extraordinary biological system made up of trillions of cells, each performing specialised functions that sustain life. From the beating heart and oxygen-exchanging lungs to the filtering kidneys and information-processing brain, every organ has a distinct structure and role. Yet, all these complex organs begin their journey from a single fertilised egg. How does one cell give rise to an entire organism with specialised tissues, organs and interconnected systems? The answer lies in the fascinating science of cell division, differentiation, communication and organ development. ### From a Single Cell to a Complex Organism The formation of a human being begins when a sperm fertilises an egg, producing a single cell called a zygote. This cell contains the genetic information required for development. Through repeated divisions, the zygote produces two cells, then four, eight and progressively larger numbers of cells. This early process, known as cleavage, increases the number of cells without initially increasing the overall size of the developing embryo. As development proceeds, the cells organise into a structure called a blastocyst. Its inner cell mass gives rise to the embryo, while other cells contribute to supporting structures essential for growth. During gastrulation, cells rearrange themselves into three primary germ layers: ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm. These layers establish the foundation for the development of different tissues and organs. The ectoderm contributes to the nervous system and outer layer of the skin. The mesoderm develops into structures including muscles, bones, blood and much of the circulatory system. The endoderm forms the lining of the digestive and respiratory tracts and contributes to organs such as the liver and pancreas. This coordinated transformation marks the beginning of organ formation. ### Cell Differentiation: Specialisation of Life One of the most remarkable features of development is cell differentiation. Although most cells in the body contain essentially the same DNA, they do not all perform the same functions. A nerve cell transmits electrical signals, a muscle cell contracts, and a red blood cell transports oxygen. These differences arise largely because cells activate or silence different sets of genes. Chemical signals, regulatory proteins and interactions with neighbouring cells influence which genes become active. Consequently, cells acquire distinct shapes, structures and functions. For example, developing muscle cells produce



proteins that enable contraction, while specialised pancreatic cells produce insulin to regulate blood glucose levels. This process allows genetically similar cells to develop into highly diverse cellular types. Differentiation is not random. It follows carefully regulated biological instructions that help cells acquire the identities needed to build functional tissues and organs. ### How Cells Build Organs Organs develop through a process called organogenesis, during which specialised cells multiply, migrate, communicate and organise into three-dimensional structures. Different tissues grow together and establish the relationships necessary for an organ to function. The heart illustrates this complexity. Early in development, cells form a simple heart tube. Through coordinated growth, bending and remodelling, this tube develops into a more complex structure with chambers, valves and major blood vessels. Electrical activity and muscular contractions emerge as the heart matures. Similarly, the lungs develop through repeated branching of the respiratory system, eventually producing millions of tiny air sacs called alveoli. These structures provide a large surface area for exchanging oxygen and carbon dioxide. The kidneys develop specialised filtering units, while the brain forms intricate networks of neurons and supporting cells. In every case, successful organ formation depends on precise timing, spatial organisation and communication between cells. ### The Role of Cellular Communication Cells rarely develop in isolation. They exchange information through chemical messengers, direct contact and signals from their surrounding environment. These communications help determine where cells move, when they divide and which specialised roles they adopt. Signalling pathways involving molecules such as Wnt, Hedgehog and Notch are important in many developmental processes. Their effects depend on the tissue, developmental stage and interactions with other signals. The extracellular matrix, a network of proteins and other molecules surrounding cells, also provides structural support and influences cellular behaviour. Together, these mechanisms

coordinate growth and help ensure that organs acquire appropriate shapes and proportions. When these signals are disrupted, development may be altered, sometimes resulting in congenital abnormalities. ### Scientific Advances and Medical Possibilities Understanding organ formation has opened exciting possibilities in regenerative medicine. Scientists study stem cells, which can develop into specialised cell types, to investigate how damaged tissues might be repaired. Organoids—small, three-dimensional structures grown from stem cells or tissue-derived cells—can reproduce selected features of organs such as the intestine, brain and liver. They help researchers investigate diseases, study development and test potential treatments. Tissue engineering combines cells with supportive materials to create biological structures that may eventually assist in repairing damaged tissues. However, producing fully functional, complex organs for routine transplantation remains a major scientific challenge. ### Conclusion The journey from a single fertilised egg to a complex human body reveals the extraordinary power of biological organisation. Cell division increases cell numbers, differentiation creates specialised functions, and cellular communication coordinates the formation of tissues and organs. What appears to be a natural miracle is also a remarkable example of scientific precision. Every organ reflects the collective activity of countless cells working according to regulated genetic programmes and responding to their environment. By uncovering the secrets of cellular development, scientists are not only deepening our understanding of life but also opening new pathways towards diagnosing diseases, repairing damaged tissues and developing future medical treatments. The tiny cell, therefore, represents not merely the basic unit of life, but the starting point of one of nature's most extraordinary achievements.

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Rising Carbon Dioxide and the Threat to Wheat Protein



Parivahan Vishesh News

Dr. Vijay Garg

Wheat is one of the most important food crops in the world, providing a major share of the daily calories and nutrients consumed by billions of people. From chapatis in India to bread and pasta in other parts of the world, wheat is central to food security and human nutrition. However, rising atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO₂) and changing climatic conditions. Plant breeding should consider grain yield, protein concentration, essential amino acids, mineral content and resistance to heat and drought. Improved nitrogen management, soil health, balanced fertilisation and efficient irrigation can also support crop quality, although fertiliser use must be carefully managed to avoid environmental damage. Agricultural research should be complemented by better nutrition policies. Promoting diverse diets that include pulses, lentils, milk and other nutritious foods can reduce excessive dependence on a single staple. Public food programmes can also pay greater attention to nutritional quality, not merely the quantity of grain distributed. Continued monitoring of wheat protein and mineral concentrations will help identify emerging risks and guide effective responses. Climate change is not only a question of rising temperatures, melting glaciers or extreme weather. It may also influence the nutritional value of the food placed on our plates. The connection between atmospheric carbon dioxide and wheat protein reminds us that food security depends on both the quantity and the quality of agricultural production. The challenge ahead is to develop climate-resilient farming systems that can feed a growing population without compromising nutrition. Government scientists, farmers and consumers must work together to reduce greenhouse-gas emissions, improve crop varieties, protect soil fertility and promote balanced diets. The future of wheat should not be measured only in tonnes harvested, but also in the nourishment it provides. Ensuring that our daily bread remains nutritious is an essential part of building a healthier and more sustainable world. Scientific evidence: A meta-analysis cited by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) found that wheat grown under elevated CO₂ can sometimes improve crop growth or water-use efficiency, but these benefits may be weakened by heat stress, drought, nutrient lim

itations and extreme weather. Climate change does not affect every wheat-growing region in the same way. Therefore, scientists must evaluate both crop quantity and nutritional quality rather than assuming that higher yields automatically guarantee better food security. Researchers and agricultural institutions can help address this challenge through the development of wheat varieties that maintain protein levels under elevated CO₂ are complex. Higher CO₂ also reduces grain protein concentration, the country may face a dual challenge: maintaining adequate yields while protecting the nutritional quality of its food supply. Nevertheless, it is important to recognise that the effects of rising CO₂ plants may not absorb or use nitrogen in the same proportion as they accumulate carbohydrates. The result can be a reduction in grain protein concentration. However, the response is not identical in every crop or environment, and soil nitrogen availability, temperature, water supply and farming practices can influence the outcome. The implications extend beyond agricultural statistics. Protein is essential for growth, tissue repair, immune function and the maintenance of muscles. Wheat provides an important portion of dietary protein in many populations, particularly where families have limited access to diverse foods such as pulses, dairy products, eggs, fish and meat. A modest decline in wheat protein may therefore have a greater impact on people whose diets already lack sufficient protein and other essential nutrients. Children, pregnant women, older adults and economically disadvantaged households may be particularly vulnerable to nutritional deficiencies. In regions where wheat supplies a large share of daily food energy, declining grain quality could make it more difficult to meet nutritional needs without changing dietary habits or increasing access to other protein sources. The concern is not that wheat will suddenly become unsuitable for consumption, but that gradual changes in its nutritional composition could add to existing public-health challenges. India has a particular reason to take this issue seriously. Wheat is a staple food across large parts of the country, and millions of households depend on wheat-based foods for daily nourishment. Rising temperatures, changing rainfall patterns, water stress and other climate-related pressures already complicate agricultural production. If elevated CO₂ they may accumula

te more carbohydrates in their grains. If the accumulation of starch increases faster than the accumulation of nitrogen-containing compounds, the proportion of protein in the grain can decline. This is sometimes described as a dilution effect. It does not mean that carbon dioxide directly destroys protein; rather, changes in plant growth and nutrient allocation can alter the grain's nutritional composition. Nitrogen plays a crucial role in the formation of plant proteins. Wheat absorbs nitrogen from the soil and uses it to produce amino acids and proteins needed for grain development. Under elevated CO₂ can reduce the concentration of protein and certain minerals in several important food crops, including wheat. Although the size of the effect varies with the wheat variety, growing conditions, soil fertility and other environmental factors, the overall concern is significant. A larger harvest may contain less protein per unit of grain, creating a nutritional challenge even when total production increases. One explanation lies in the changing balance between carbohydrates and other nutrients. When plants absorb additional CO₂ fertilisation effect, may increase crop yields, especially when water and other growth requirements are adequate. Yet, more plant growth does not necessarily mean better nutrition. Scientific research has shown that elevated atmospheric CO₂ concentrations can increase photosynthesis and improve plant growth. This phenomenon, often called the CO₂ from the atmosphere and use sunlight and water to produce carbohydrates. Under certain conditions, higher CO₂), a major driver of climate change, is creating a less visible challenge: the potential decline in the protein content and nutritional quality of wheat. This development raises important questions about the future of food security, particularly in countries where wheat is a dietary staple. Carbon dioxide is essential for photosynthesis, plant absorbs CO₂ concentrations of approximately 546-586 ppm had, on average, 6.3% lower protein concentration, alongside reductions in iron and zinc. The effect varies by growing conditions and wheat variety.

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Tradition of eating Jalebi and buying sugarcane (Eekh) on Dussehra day is quite old and popular

October 2026



Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra

Tradition of Eating Jalebi and Buying Sugarcane on Dussehra Day

Sweetness of Victory, Welcome of New Harvest and Health Blend in Changing Season



KK Chhabra

Sanjay Kumar Bathla
Chief Editor

Pinky Kundu
Co-Editor

Parivahan Vishesh News

KK Chhabra Parivahan Vishesh Newspaper

Tradition of eating Jalebi and buying sugarcane (Eekh) on Dussehra day is quite old and popular. Behind this are linked religious stories, seasonal and scientific reasons, and cultural beliefs:

1. Reason for eating Jalebi- *Lord Ram's favorite sweet (Shashkuli):* According to ancient beliefs and folk tales, a sweet named 'Shashkuli' was very dear to Lord Shri Ram. This same Shashkuli is called Jalebi in today's time. After achieving victory over Ravan, festival was celebrated by distributing this favorite sweet of Lord Ram, therefore eating Jalebi on Vijaya Dashami day has become symbol of victory.

Kashi Durgotsav Samiti engaged in worship of Maa Durga for 66 years, Prasad distribution continued for four days

Parivahan Vishesh News

Maa Durga will be given farewell with Sindoor Khela, 500 to 1500 devotees took Prasad daily

(Santosh Kumar Singh)

Varanasi:-* In the city of religion and culture, Kashi, Kashi Durgotsav Samiti, Chetsingh Fort, Harishchandra Road, Shivala has been playing an important role in keeping the tradition of Durga Puja alive. The Samiti has been connecting devotees through worship of Maa Durga and religious events for the last 66 years. During Navratri, a large number of devotees are reaching here daily to have darshan of the Mother and are taking Prasad. In the Bhog and Prasad distribution organized by the Samiti, about 500 to 1500 devotees took Prasad daily. This year, due to an extra day increase in Navratri, along with Saptami, Ashtami and Navami, the Prasad distribution program ran for a total of four days, during which special enthusiasm was seen among the devotees. *Farewell to Maa will be

organized with Sindoor Khela*On the occasion of conclusion of Durga Puja, on Wednesday, Sindoor Khela will be organized by the Samiti. In this traditional event, women will offer sindoor to Maa Durga and pray for happiness-prosperity and good fortune, along with that, by applying sindoor to each other, an emotional farewell will be given to Maa Durga. This event is a major part of Bengali culture and traditions of Durga Puja. *Office bearers of the Samiti and responsibilities*The President of Kashi Durgotsav Samiti is Ashok Kanti Chakraborty, the responsibility of General Secretary is being handled by Abhijit Chaudhary. As Bhog Secretary,



Manish Bhattacharya, Kanu Bhattacharya and Prasun Bhattacharya are working. Media In-charge is Avinash Bhattacharya and Souvenir In-charge is Chaitali Bhattacharya, Treasurer is Ashish Das Gupta. The 66-year tradition of the Samiti is a symbol of religious faith, social participation and cultural heritage. Like every year, this time also the participation of devotees in the worship of Maa Durga and Prasad distribution made the event special.



UNLOCK YOUR DAY
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MONEY & RELATIONSHIP PREDICTION

Know Your Day • Protect Your Money • Strengthen Your Relationships

Parivahan Vishesh News

21 OCTOBER 2026 | Day vibration: 5 — Change, communication, movement, adaptability and opportunity

Moolank 1

Money & Career: Day 5 adds speed, communication and flexibility to your leadership energy. A new contact, proposal or quick decision may open a door, but check the financial details before taking charge.

Relationship: You may want independence and immediate movement. Keep your partner or family informed so confidence does not come across as disregard.

Precaution: Avoid impulsive spending, impatient speech and changing plans simply because something new looks exciting.

Make Your Day Better: Take one bold but well-informed step and communicate your plan clearly.

Moolank 2

Money & Career: Day 5 encourages you to move beyond hesitation and communicate more actively. Networking or a flexible partnership can help, but do not agree to terms only to keep everyone happy.

Relationship: Your sensitivity may feel unsettled by the day's fast pace. Ask questions instead of assuming what another person means.

Precaution: Avoid emotional spending, indecision and becoming overwhelmed by too many opinions.

Make Your Day Better: Stay adaptable while keeping one clear personal boundary.

Moolank 3

Money & Career: Day 5 works well with your expressive nature and can bring visibility through communication, sales, teaching or digital activity. Focus on opportunities that have practical follow-through.

Relationship: Conversation can be lively and enjoyable. Keep humour respectful and avoid creating confusion through casual promises or flirtatious mixed signals.

Precaution: Avoid scattered attention, unnecessary social spending and overcommitting.

Make Your Day Better: Use your words to move one promising opportunity forward.

Moolank 4

Money & Career: Day 5 challenges your preference for predictability and asks for intelligent flexibility. A change in schedule, method or business approach may be useful if the fundamentals remain secure.

Relationship: Unexpected changes can irritate you. Explain your need for structure without making others feel restricted.

Precaution: Avoid rigidity, resisting every change and making a financial decision just to regain control.

Make Your Day Better: Keep the foundation steady while allowing one practical adjustment.

Moolank 5

Money & Career: Your Moolank 5 strongly resonates with Day 5, amplifying communication, movement, networking and adaptability. Excellent for sales, meetings or new contacts, but control impulsive financial choices.

Relationship: Social energy is high and you may crave variety. Be transparent about your intentions and make sure freedom does not become inconsistency.

Precaution: Avoid risky shortcuts, excessive spending, gossip and commitments made in excitement.

Make Your Day Better: Channel your speed into one high-value opportunity and follow through.

Moolank 6

Money & Career: Day 5 brings movement into your comfort-loving energy. Client work, creative promotion or a new service idea may benefit, but protect your budget from lifestyle temptations.

Relationship: You may want both closeness and novelty. Plan something refreshing together instead of seeking stimulation outside the relationship.

Precaution: Avoid comfort spending, possessiveness and reacting emotionally to a change of plan.

Make Your Day Better: Add variety without disturbing financial or emotional stability.

Moolank 7

Money & Career: Day 5 pushes your reflective nature toward communication and experimentation. Share a researched idea, explore a new method or connect with someone who can broaden your perspective.

Relationship: You may need space while the day encourages interaction. Communicate your limits rather than disappearing or becoming difficult to read.

Precaution: Avoid overthinking, sudden withdrawal and rejecting useful change before testing it.

Make Your Day Better: Try one new approach while staying grounded in facts.

Moolank 8

Money & Career: Day 5 can bring fast-moving business opportunities to your ambitious energy. Negotiate, network and explore expansion, but verify contracts and avoid chasing quick profit.

Relationship: Your strong nature may clash with another person's need for freedom. Replace control with clear expectations and mutual respect.

Precaution: Avoid speculative decisions, dominance and using money to influence choices.

Make Your Day Better: Stay commercially alert, flexible and disciplined at the same time.

Moolank 9

Money & Career: Day 5 brings movement after your intense, purpose-driven energy. A new contact or change may help you move forward, but do not abandon an important responsibility halfway.

Relationship: You may feel ready to leave old emotions behind. Communicate that shift honestly rather than making abrupt decisions that others cannot understand.

Precaution: Avoid impulsive generosity, sudden exits and acting from emotional restlessness.

Make Your Day Better: Welcome change, but complete one important promise before moving on.

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'Kanya Pujan' (Worship of Young Girls) Held with Devotion at 205 COBRA Battalion Headquarters

Parivahan Vishesh News

Under the guidance of Commandant Naresh Panwar, the event featured the application of 'tilak' on the young girls and the offering of 'chunris' (traditional ceremonial veils).Gaya: On the auspicious occasion of Navratri, a 'Kanya Pujan' was organized with deep reverence and devotion at the 205 COBRA Battalion headquarters on the day of Maha Navami, under the guidance of Commandant Naresh Panwar. During the ceremony, the young girls were worshipped according to prescribed rituals, and their blessings were sought.The event commenced with the washing of the girls' feet. Following this, a 'tilak' was applied to their foreheads, and they were draped with 'chunris' as part of the traditional worship rituals. The girls were revered as manifestations of Goddess



Durga. They were also served a meal and honored with gifts.Through this religious ritual, held on the ninth day of Navratri, devotion was expressed toward Goddess Durga—the embodiment of 'Shakti' (divine power). Officers and personnel of the battalion participated in the event,

demonstrating their faith in these religious traditions. The entire premises were imbued with an atmosphere of deep devotion. Present on the occasion were Second-in-Command officers Akhilesh and Ajit, Deputy Commandant Narendra, and other personnel of the COBRA Battalion.

Road named after freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal, inaugurated by Cabinet Minister Dr. Arvind Sharma

Parivahan Vishesh News

The sacrifice and dedication of the great heroes of independence can never be forgotten, their struggle will continue to inspire generations to come: Dr. Arvind Sharma

It is our responsibility to preserve the glorious legacy of freedom fighters and build the India of their dreams: Dr. Arvind Sharma

Under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi and Chief Minister Nayab Singh Saini, honouring freedom fighters and preserving their heritage is being given priority.

Bahadurgarh, October 20.

Haryana Cabinet Minister Dr. Arvind Sharma on Tuesday named a road after the great freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal in the village of Tanda Hedi in Bahadurgarh. He said that the sacrifice, penance, and martyrdom of the great freedom fighters who dedicated their lives for the country's independence are a golden chapter in India's history. The foundation of the independent and strong India we live in today was laid by our freedom fighters through their struggle and sacrifice. Honoring such great sons is not only our duty but also our responsibility towards future generations. He also offered prayers at the village temple.Cabinet Minister Dr. Arvind Sharma, while paying tribute to freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal, said that he made a significant contribution to the

country's independence. Naming the road after him is an important step towards honoring his struggle, patriotism, and dedication to the nation. He said that now every person passing through this road will remember the contributions of freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal. The younger generation, in particular, will have the opportunity to learn and understand the struggles and sacrifices our ancestors made to achieve independence for the country.It is important to spread the ideals of freedom fighters to the masses: Dr. Arvind SharmaDr. Arvind Sharma said that honoring freedom fighters should not be limited to organizing ceremonies or building memorials, but rather, it is essential to spread their ideals, thoughts, and spirit of national service to every section of society. Freedom fighters transcended caste, religion, and regional boundaries and fought for the country's independence. Their lives teach us the message of unity, brotherhood, patriotism, and social service. He urged youth to take inspiration from the lives of freedom fighters and play an active role in nation-building.Under the leadership of Prime Minister Modi and Chief Minister Nayab Saini, the legacy of great men is being respected.The Cabinet Minister said that under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the country is continuously striving to pass on the glorious legacy of its freedom fighters and great men to the new generation. The Haryana government, under the leadership of Chief Minister Nayab Singh Saini, is also committed to honoring freedom fighters and perpetuating their contributions. He said that in this elixir of

independence, we should remember all those known and unknown fighters who sacrificed everything for the country's independence.Development of villages is the priority of the government, public sentiments will be respected.Dr. Arvind Sharma stated that the state government is committed to the all-round development of villages. Under the leadership of Chief Minister Nayab Singh Saini, special attention is being paid to strengthening infrastructure and accelerating development work in rural areas. He stated that villages are identified not only by their development projects, but also by their glorious history, traditions, and great personalities. Naming the road after freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal symbolizes this glorious history. He stated that the government's objective is to preserve social and cultural heritage along with development. It is society's collective responsibility to keep the memories of freedom fighters alive so that future generations can become familiar with their history and the contributions of their great ancestors. During the program, the contributions of freedom fighter Chaudhary Hazarilal were remembered. Cabinet Minister Dr. Arvind Sharma called upon the villagers to imbibe the ideals of freedom fighters and strengthen the spirit of unity, brotherhood, and national service in society. On this occasion, Kapoor Singh Dalal, Azad Dalal, Randhir Dalal, Dharampal Vashisht, Santram Sharma, Bhagat Lal Sarpanch, Krishna Numberdar, Pankaj Jain, Bhim Singh Pranami, Vinod June, Krishna Bhardwaj, Devendra June etc. were present.



Facilitating the millet-paddy procurement process is the priority of the administration: DC

Parivahan Vishesh News

DC Varsha Khanwal informed that daily monitoring is being done from harvesting of crops to facilities for farmers.Jhajjar, October 19

The district administration is fully prepared to ensure smooth procurement of millet and paddy during the 2026-27 Kharif crop procurement season. Administrative officials are regularly monitoring markets and procurement centers, said Deputy Commissioner Varsha Khanwal on Monday.The DC said that nodal officers have been appointed to ensure that farmers bring their crops

to the mandis, pay them the prescribed amount after purchasing their crops, and regularly lift the purchased crops.DC Varsha Khangwal said that officers have been assigned duties at eight grain markets and procurement centers in Jhajjar district. Appointed nodal officers are monitoring the procurement process, while the chairman and members of the duty magistrate-cum-grievance redressal committee are reviewing the resolution of farmers' and commission agents' problems, transportation arrangements, labor availability, and crop lifting.Special focus of the administration on the facilities of farmersOfficials

appointed by the district administration will oversee the procurement process, transportation, labor availability, and timely lifting of purchased crops in the markets. Grievance redressal committees will resolve problems faced by farmers and commission agents and also play a role in maintaining law and order in the markets.The district administration has also issued instructions to ensure entry and exit gates in the markets, proper access to the main road, drinking water, seating arrangements, temporary toilets and necessary facilities for the employees and labourers.

Last date for one-time tax settlement scheme is November 30: DC

Parivahan Vishesh News

DC Varsha Khanwal said that the one-time settlement scheme of the Haryana government is beneficial for the traders.

Jhajjar, October 20

Traders have prioritized the one-time settlement scheme launched by the Haryana government to benefit small businesses and have taken full advantage of it. Given the scheme's unprecedented success, the government has once again extended the settlement date to November 30. Businesses can now take advantage of this scheme and pay their old outstanding taxes until November 30, 2026. This information was provided by DC Varsha Khanwal.The DC said that this would enable the GST to proceed with minimum outstanding amounts so that maximum time and attention could be given to increasing GST collection.The Deputy Commissioner informed that the government has launched the One Time Settlement Scheme, 2026, effective June 1st. This scheme provides for the settlement of outstanding dues under seven taxation laws. Taxpayers with tax arrears under any relevant Act up to 25 lakh, two equal installments will be paid. One installment is due at the time of application submission and the second within 60 days from the date of the interim order. For or settlement amounts exceeding 5 lakh and up to 10 lakh, two equal installments will be paid. For settlement amounts above 10 lakh, three equal installments will be paid. *Large amount of outstanding dues to be paid due to non-submission of statutory forms*Deputy Excise and Taxation Commissioner (Sales), Ajay Kumar, stated that a large amount of outstanding dues is due to the non-submission of statutory forms such as Form C, Form F, Form H, Form E1, Form E2, Tax Invoice/VAT C-4, VAT D1, VAT D2, etc. A new exemption is being proposed to specifically target these outstanding dues. If a person is now able to submit such forms, their tax demand will be reduced by the amount of exemption available for submitting them, provided these forms are verified within three months. This benefit will not be available to fake/sham firms against whom criminal proceedings have been initiated. This benefit will also not be available for statutory forms previously rejected by authorities. This will only apply to outstanding dues related to the Haryana Value

Added Tax Act, 2003, and the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956. He informed that under the scheme, the tax exemption provided under the Haryana General Sales Tax Act, 1973 is 100 percent of the tax exemption from one rupee to one lakh rupees, and 70 percent of the tax exemption in other cases. The exemptions available under other Acts are 100 percent of the tax exemption from one rupee to one lakh rupees, 60 percent from one lakh to ten lakh rupees, 50 percent from 10 lakh to one crore rupees, 40 percent from 1 crore to 10 crore rupees, 35 percent from 10 crore to 30 crore rupees, 30 percent from 30 crore to 60 crore rupees, and 0 percent on amounts above 60 crore rupees. He informed that 100 percent exemption has been given on interest and penalty under this Act.*Full benefit of exemption given in the previous slab will be available up to the slab of outstanding tax amount*DETC stated that applicants will receive the full benefit of the exemption provided in each previous slab, up to the extent of their outstanding tax amount. Applicants involved in an appeal or litigation against any order determining the outstanding amount can also apply under this scheme, subject to the condition of withdrawing the pending appeal or litigation. The scheme also provides for installment payment of the settlement amount. No installment is required for settlement amounts up to 1 lakh per year are not required to apply for this scheme. Their entire tax, interest, and penalty will be waived for that year. Applicants can apply for settlement of their outstanding dues under any Act for any year. A special exemption is available for settlement of outstanding dues under the previous Haryana General Sales Tax Act, 1973. The Haryana General Sales Tax Act, 1973, was repealed with the enactment of the Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003, effective April 1st, 2003. Due to the long-standing outstanding dues under the Haryana General Sales Tax, a 70 percent exemption is being granted in all cases where the tax arrears exceed 25 lakh, there will be three installments: 40 percent of the settlement amount at the time of application submission, the second installment within 60 days from the date of the interim order, 30 percent of the settlement amount, and the third installment of the remaining amount within 120 days from the date of the interim order. In cases where the application for settlement is found to be in order and accepted, no further action will be initiated against the applicant.

DC will listen to the problems of citizens in Bahadurgarh today

Parivahan Vishesh News

Public hearing will be held at the camp office located at the Mini Secretariat at 11 am, officers from all departments will be present

Bahadurgarh, October 20.

To address the problems of the citizens of the Bahadurgarh area, a public hearing will be held at the camp office located at the Mini Secretariat, Bahadurgarh, on Wednesday, October 21. DC Varsha Khanwal will hear citizens' concerns at 11 a.m. on Wednesday and provide necessary guidance to the concerned officials.Officials from all relevant departments will be present during the public hearing so that appropriate action can be taken on citizens' complaints. Citizens are urged



to arrive at the scheduled time and present their problems to the administration for resolution.

Farmers should take advantage of the stubble management scheme: DC

Parivahan Vishesh News

Administration strict on crop residue management, quick response teams active

Jhajjar, October 20

The district administration is working diligently to promote stubble management throughout the district, effectively curb stubble burning and other polluting factors, and maintain air quality. DC Varsha Khangwal directed officials to ensure strict adherence to pollution control measures and conduct regular field monitoring.

He directed that a quick response team be activated to provide immediate information and take effective action on potential stubble burning incidents. The DC stated that burning crop residue not only pollutes the environment but also impacts soil fertility. Therefore, farmers should be continuously educated and encouraged to avoid stubble burning and adopt scientific and alternative crop residue management techniques.

Keep a close eye on potential areas with field visits*The DC directed concerned officials to conduct regular field visits and take preemptive action in areas prone to stubble burning. He urged the use of drones as needed to monitor potential sources of pollution and encouraged related departments to work in coordination. He also emphasized the effective implementation of the Bhuvan app and CRM plan.

Farmers will receive an incentive of Rs 1200 per acre for adopting stubble management.

The Deputy Commissioner stated that the Agriculture Department is providing farmers with an incentive of 1,200 per acre for incorporating stubble into their fields as part of crop residue management. He directed officials to disseminate information about this scheme, along with available crop residue management techniques, to as many farmers as possible. He also directed panchayats and local public representatives to be involved in the campaign and to maintain constant communication with farmers. Farmers should be made aware of the environmental and agricultural benefits of stubble management. He clarified that negligence at any level in preventing stubble burning will not be tolerated, and action will be taken as per the rules.

Every person should play an active role in creating a clean environment.

DC Varsha Khanwal said that an effective solution to the problem of stubble burning is essential for a clean environment and improved air quality. The district administration is working seriously in this direction. She appealed to farmers to cooperate in environmental protection by refraining from burning crop residues and taking advantage of available crop residue management techniques and government schemes.

Tusker Elephant Attack in Champua, Youth Dead



Parivahan Vishesh News

Narayan Nayak came under elephant attack while returning home, taken to hospital in critical condition; doctors declared him dead

Report Dr. Rajkumar Yadav, Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra, Champua, Kendujhar

Another painful incident of human-wildlife conflict has come to light in Kendujhar district of Odisha. In the Balibandh section of Champua forest area, Narayan Nayak, a youth from Dhobakochada village, died in an attack by a tusker elephant. After the incident, there is an atmosphere of mourning and concern in the area. According to information received, Narayan was returning to his village Dhobakochada at night. During this time, he suddenly came face to face with a tusker elephant on the way. Before he could recover, the elephant attacked him. He was seriously injured in the attack. On receiving information about the incident, forest department employees reached the spot and immediately took the injured youth to Champua Hospital. However, his condition was extremely critical. Doctors declared him dead after examination in the hospital. *Human-elephant conflict raises concern again

Movement of elephants in forest areas and surrounding villages of Kendujhar district remains



a continuous challenge in terms of human safety. Other deaths due to elephant attacks in the district in recent days have also highlighted the seriousness of this problem. To prevent such incidents, identification of sensitive routes where elephants move, timely warning to villagers and monitoring system of the forest department are important. People also need to be cautious while passing through deserted forest routes at night and to maintain distance when an elephant is seen. Through the 'Anukampa' portal of the Wildlife Department of the Government of Odisha, there is a provision of financial assistance for eligible family members of people who lost their lives in wildlife attacks. The death of Narayan Nayak has once again raised the question of how effective the safety and warning system can be made to prevent loss of human life during movement of elephants around human settlements.

Police Strictness on Illegal Parking, But Question — When There Is No Space, Where to Park Vehicle

Parivahan Vishesh News

Warning of towing in Rourkela causes concern among drivers; traffic discipline is necessary, but providing adequate parking facilities is also the administration's responsibility

Report Dr. Rajkumar Yadav, Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra, Rourkela.

With the aim of keeping the city's roads jam-free and making the traffic system smooth, Rourkela Police has warned of action against those who park vehicles outside designated parking places. The clear message of the police is that vehicles can be towed away for violating the rules. This step is important from the point of view of traffic discipline, but along with it a basic question also arises — when adequate and convenient parking arrangements are not available in the city, then where should common citizens park their vehicles? Police have appealed to drivers to park only at designated places and avoid parking vehicles on the roadside or in restricted areas. Haphazard parking reduces the available width of the road, obstructs traffic and causes inconvenience to pedestrians and other passers-by. This problem cannot be denied. *Along with rules, accountability of facilities is also necessary*However, there is also a need to seriously consider the availability of parking spaces and their usability in accordance with the increasing number of vehicles in the city. If adequate, accessible and organized parking facility is not available for people coming to markets,



commercial establishments and busy routes, then only warning of action cannot become a permanent solution to the problem. In such a situation, citizens face a double challenge — on one hand finding a place to park the vehicle and on the other hand fear of towing action. This can cause unnecessary trouble and confusion. *Administration should also provide solution along with action*Following traffic rules is the duty of citizens, but making proper arrangements for parking is also the responsibility of the concerned administration and municipal body. There is a need to identify adequate parking spaces, put up clear indicators and inform citizens about alternative places. The campaign to make Rourkela jam-free will be effective only when strictness is accompanied by expansion of facilities. The question is not about opposing the rules, but about ensuring that the system is such that discipline is also maintained and common citizens are also saved from unnecessary trouble.

Crisis Over Street Light System in Rourkela: No Permanent Contract, How Long Will The City Run On Temporary Arrangements?

Parivahan Vishesh News

Questions over contract renewal of Niv Energy, work allegedly running on one-two month extension; accountability of Municipal Corporation under discussion over problem of dark roads and faulty equipment

Report Dr. Rajkumar Yadav, Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra, Rourkela

If the system that keeps the city's roads lit is itself in the darkness of uncertainty, then common citizens have to bear the brunt of it. Such a situation is claimed to have come to light regarding the maintenance of street lights, electric poles and related equipment in Rourkela Municipal Corporation area. It is alleged that after the expiry of the contract period related to Niv Energy, the renewal process is not moving forward and the system is being run with the help of temporary extension of one-two months. In the absence of a permanent system, the lighting system in various parts of the city is said to be affected and difficulty in redressal of complaints. Even after contacting the Municipal Corporation, it is claimed that a clear and long-term solution is not available. However, independent confirmation of the concerned company's contract, renewal status and the corporation's official response has not yet been possible. *Tenders issued, but question over comprehensive maintenance

arrangement*Several tenders related to expansion, repair and installation of street lights in Rourkela in the year 2026 are recorded on the e-tender portal of Odisha Government. This includes tender related to expansion and fitting of lights in Janata Niwas Gali, Ward-30. Meanwhile, on October 9, 2026, a tender with an estimated cost of about Rs 46.91 lakh was published for street light fitting and laying overhead cable on Ambedkar Chowk to Panposh Gandhi Chowk route. These tenders show the process of different works for lighting system, but they do not confirm the status of the main contract of Niv Energy or its renewal. *Accountability should be fixed, citizens should get relief*The question is that if the maintenance arrangement is dependent on temporary extension, then why is a time-bound decision not being taken for a permanent solution? The Municipal Corporation should make public the status of the contract, alternative arrangement, grievance redressal and timeline for repair of faulty lights. The lighting system of the city is not just a facility, but a basic responsibility related to road safety and movement of citizens. If temporary arrangements continue for a long time, then their review and accountability is equally important. Now eyes are on the clear official stand of Rourkela Municipal Corporation and steps to be taken towards a permanent solution.

October 2026, Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra

Crisis Over Rourkela's Street Light System: No Permanent Contract, How Long Will City Run On Temporary Arrangements?

Questions over Niv Energy contract renewal, Municipal Corporation accountability under discussion.



Report Dr Rajkumar Yadav.

Sanjay Kumar Bathla Chief Editor, Pinky Kundu Co-Editor



Parivahan Vishesh News

Chetan Chauhan

Today, everyone never tires of saying that no nation can imagine a developed nation without its youth. It's true that our youth are undoubtedly the golden age of any country, capable of transforming every sector with their revolutionary ideas. Their intellectual energy and efficiency are undeniable. In other words, the young generation is brimming with the potential to make the impossible possible.In a developing country like India, our country has the largest number of youth in the entire world. If we assess the youth population today, more than 66% of our population is under the age of 35. But despite all this, our youth power is doomed to suffer the pangs of distraction. The country's youth, whether young men or women, are brimming with ideological energy, but unfortunately, the failure to utilize this youth power in the right direction is the biggest threat to their lives. The current youth generation is determined to play an active role in every field of development. Countries across the world are ready to advance far through new technology, scientific approaches, and communication media.Today, India is eager to become the world's third largest economy, but the opportunity for young people to find their future still seems elusive. The entire world is mired in a quagmire of corruption, from which the young generation seems unable to recover. While today's youth may be alert and dedicated to the nation, there is no hesitation in saying that the country's political system and its leaders have put their future at stake. The country's young student generation has become a complete victim of politics, mortgaging their future to these white-masked individuals, lost in the illusion of golden dreams. In such a situation, the very power to awaken

youthful spirit has been eroded. Politicians have turned colleges, the sacred temples of education, into a political arena. The flourishing student unions of various parties are examples of this.The current young generation is becoming increasingly alienated from human values, and as such, they have forgotten their responsibilities, dedication, and commitment to their families, society, and nation. Meanwhile, there is a segment of society that, embracing the spirit of nationalism, is devoting their all to elevating their countries to greater heights. Our country's youth includes many young men and women who have created new milestones in specific fields. Don't other youth consider it their duty to seek inspiration from them? Unemployment is the biggest challenge facing youth today, leaving them not only confused but also hopeless, risking their lives. Such tragic news is making headlines every day. Who will then provide support to this emerging generation?While youth empowerment is essential for a sustainable and secure future, it's also crucial to harness their strength and energy in the right direction. To find a happy future, the country's young generation must step forward and utilize their active role in the right direction. Today, the youth is falling prey to numerous addictions that are pushing them into the abyss. Not only young men and women, but even young children are following suit, so any talk of a happy future would be a pipe dream. The youth are becoming alienated from the social fabric and are distancing themselves from the nation's great culture and its inherent values. The new generation is struggling to maintain harmony with the older generation. As India moves into the twenty-first century, it looks with hope for revolutionary change from the youth, further strengthening the resolve to empower them to become more self-reliant and empowered than ever before. Today the need is that we pave the way for the huge youth power of the country to move forward in the right direction through continuous struggle and honesty.

The rise of the 'Lal Hit Janata Party' in opposition to the CJP



Parivahan Vishesh News

Saurabh Varshney

A new face of protest and resistance is emerging in the country's politics. Amid the ongoing

protests against Chief Election Commissioner Gyanesh Kumar, the emergence of a new organization called the "Lal Hit Janata Party" has become a topic of discussion, in opposition to the Cockroach Janata Party, reportedly associated with Abhijit Deepak. According to media reports, the organization's first membership meeting was held in Delhi, where attendees questioned the working style of the CJP, Congress, and other protesters. This development has once again intensified the debate about the limits of protest in a democracy and how dissent should be responded to. According to statements by Ayan Bhatnagar, head and convener of the "Lal Hit Janata Party," the organization's objective is not to contest elections, but to raise its voice against the CJP and its protests. He claims that the organization will formulate its future strategy and present its views through small and large groups in various locations. He has also challenged the CJP to an open debate. According to him, if the protesters are confident in their views, they should come forward for public discussion. This incident is not merely a story of a clash

between two organizations. Behind it lie several important questions related to democratic protest, political mobilization, public opinion formation, and public order. It is a citizen's right to protest against an organization, but the legitimacy and impact of that protest should be judged not by its slogans, but by its objectives, facts, and methods. In a democracy, it is essential to listen to and understand dissent rather than suppress it. If citizens disagree with the decisions of a government institution, constitutional authority, or political party, they have the right to peacefully protest, express their views, and ask questions. Similarly, citizens who disagree with a protest also have the right to express their opinions and launch peaceful campaigns against it. From this perspective, the emergence of the "Lal Hit Janata Party" can be seen as the emergence of a different ideology in response to the politics of protest. If one group is protesting against a constitutional authority, another group cannot be prevented from criticizing that protest. The true strength of democracy lies in this plurality, where diverse views have the opportunity to be heard. However, problems arise when ideological disagreements degenerate into personal accusations, abusive language, and a political mindset of mutual elimination. In a democracy, an idea must be countered with sound arguments, not merely sharp slogans and provocative names. The true measure of an organization's popularity lies in the facts it presents to the public and its clear stance on issues of public interest. Media reports have alleged that individuals associated with the CJP have been accused of inciting anarchy and

receiving foreign funding. These allegations should be viewed seriously, but it would be unfair to accept any allegation as established fact without proof. If there are doubts about an organization's activities, financial sources, or its conduct during protests, the relevant facts should be investigated impartially. Transparency is essential for all organizations in a democratic system. Organizations that carry out movements in the name of the public are naturally expected to be accountable regarding their objectives, leadership, financial resources, and activities. But this same criterion should also be applied to organizations that come forward to resist protests. Accusations leveled against one side cannot be considered automatic proof of the other's innocence. The rule of law is based on the principle that investigations should be based on facts, not political likes and dislikes. If there is a serious complaint against an organization, competent institutions should take action in accordance with the rules. Declaring a group guilty based on allegations is contrary to the spirit of a just democracy. Ayan Bhatnagar has challenged the CJP to an open debate. This initiative could be significant in itself, provided the purpose of the debate is not merely to disparage each other but to clarify the facts before the public. A major reason for the weakening of the culture of public dialogue in democracy is that political and ideological groups often completely dismiss opposing views instead of listening to them. If representatives of the CJP and the Lal Hit Janata Party (Rajya Sabha) were to sit face to face on a public platform and present their views, the

public would have an opportunity to understand the arguments of both sides. Such a debate could include topics such as the reasons for the protests against the Chief Election Commissioner, the legitimacy of the demonstrations, questions related to the electoral process, the role of political parties, and their impact on public order. However, debate is not merely successful through challenge. It also requires factual preparation, restrained language, and a willingness to listen to the opposing side. If both groups come to the forum with preconceived conclusions and simply exchange accusations, it can escalate political tensions. On the contrary, a dialogue based on evidence and logic can strengthen democracy. Ayan Bhatnagar also claimed that the protests are affecting the businesses of businessmen. He also raised the issue of alleged mistreatment of policemen during the demonstrations. These complaints require independent verification, but the broad principle is clear: the rights of ordinary citizens and public amenities must be taken into account during any movement. Traders working in markets, daily wage laborers, office workers, patients, and students are not direct parties to any political dispute. If protests disrupt traffic, disrupt business, or prevent people from accessing essential services, it's essential to find a solution. This doesn't mean banning every protest citing inconvenience to business or traffic. Peaceful protest is an essential part of democracy. The administration must ensure appropriate space, time, and security for protests, and that organizers express their views within the ambit of the law. Any incidents of misconduct or

violence against police officers should be investigated impartially and action should be taken in accordance with the law. Similarly, it is the administration's responsibility to protect the rights of peaceful protesters. Ayan Bhatnagar's assertion that a single phone call from Prime Minister Narendra Modi could bring large numbers of people to the streets points to the potential for political mobilization. However, gathering at a leader's call and gaining widespread public support for an idea are two different things. Crowd size cannot be the sole proof of an organization's true social acceptance. Public support should also be evaluated based on how long the organization remains active, what contribution it makes to real social issues, and how clearly it presents its views.The credibility of any political or social organization is built on its work, behavior, and accountability. If the Lal Hit Janata Party truly wants to offer ideological resistance to the CJP's activities, it must clarify its objectives and action plan. Simply standing against an opposing organization is not enough to build a lasting political identity. The public will also want to know what the organization stands for on issues such as democratic institutions, civil rights, electoral transparency, and public order.In a vast democracy like India, clashes of opinions are natural. Here, the ruling party and the opposition, supporters and opponents of the government, and different social groups have the right to express their views. But this right also comes with responsibility. A movement cannot be labeled wrong merely based on the displeasure of its opponents, and it is also

not fair to dismiss an opposition organization based solely on its name or political leanings.The emergence of the Lal Hit Janata Party (LJP) currently represents a new organizational initiative in opposition to the CJP. The direction this initiative will take can only be assessed based on its future actions and public behavior. The most important question now is not which organization challenges which, but what democratic discourse will gain from this political confrontation.If both sides adopt a path of facts, logic, and peaceful dialogue, the public can benefit. But if this contest is limited to accusations, provocative slogans, and a competition to mobilize crowds, the real issues of democracy will be left behind.In a democracy, the answer to an opinion is another opinion, the answer to an accusation is evidence, and the best solution to any dispute is dialogue. Whether it's the CJP or the 'Lal Hit Janata Party', the real challenge for both is not to defeat each other, but to prove their credibility before the public. Democracy will be strong only when the right to protest is protected, the freedom to oppose dissent is maintained, and the boundaries of law, decorum, and public interest are respected.The author is a senior journalist, thinker and political thinker.

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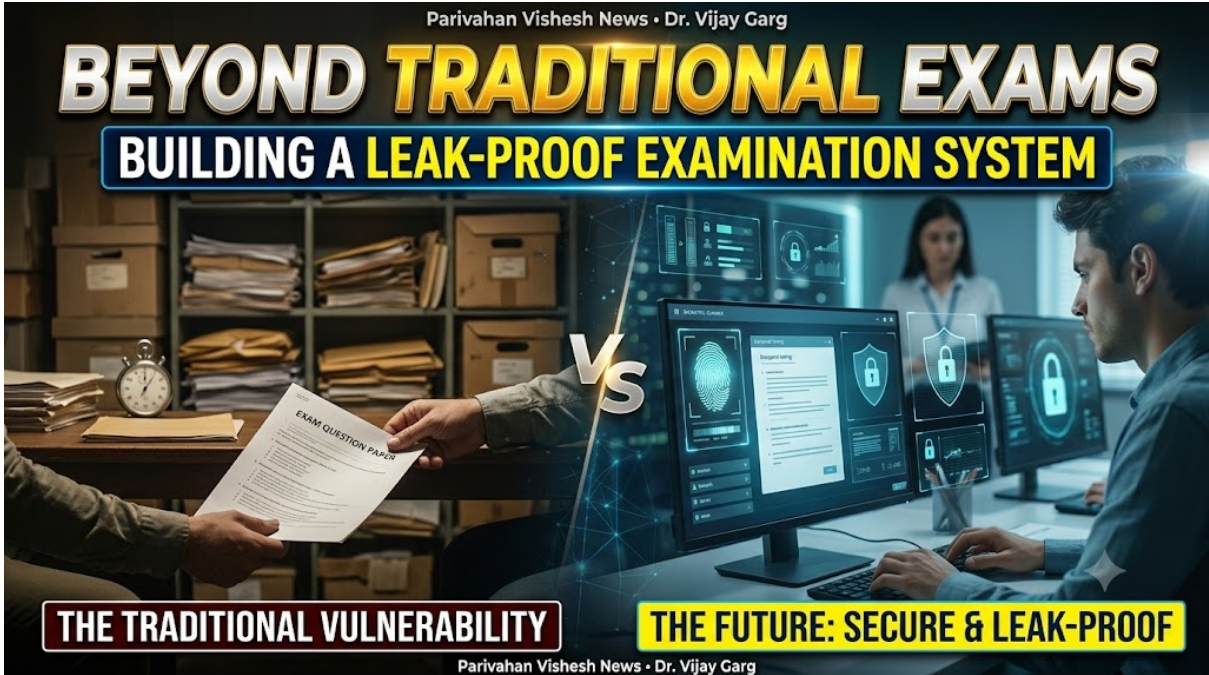
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Parivahan Vishesh News

Dr. Vijay Garg

Examinations play a vital role in education. They assess students’ knowledge, evaluate their understanding and help determine admission to higher educational institutions and access to career opportunities. For millions of students, competitive examinations represent years of hard work, sacrifice and hope. However, incidents of question paper leaks, impersonation, cheating and irregularities have raised serious concerns about the fairness, transparency and credibility of examination systems. In an age of rapid technological advancement, an important question arises: can modern technology help us build a secure, reliable and leak-proof examination system? The challenge is not merely to prevent question papers from being leaked. It is to restore public confidence in examinations and ensure that every student receives a fair opportunity to succeed. The Growing Challenge of Examination Security Traditional examination systems often depend on a long chain of people and processes. Questions are prepared, reviewed, printed, packed, transported, stored and distributed to examination centres. Every stage creates a potential point of vulnerability. A single breach can compromise an entire examination, forcing authorities to cancel tests, conduct re-examinations and investigate wrongdoing. The consequences extend far beyond administrative inconvenience. Students experience anxiety, frustration and uncertainty. Families may lose money on travel, accommodation and coaching.

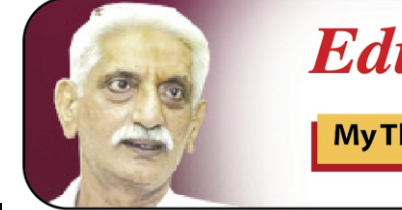
Beyond Traditional Exams: Building a Leak-Proof Examination System



Honest candidates can feel that their efforts have been wasted, while institutions face criticism and declining public trust. Repeated examination irregularities can also affect the confidence of young people in the fairness of the education system. As technology advances, the methods used by those attempting to manipulate examinations also become more sophisticated. Photographs of question papers can be circulated through messaging applications, stolen digital files can be shared rapidly, and artificial intelligence can facilitate certain forms of impersonation or fraud. Therefore, examination security must evolve alongside emerging threats. Digital Technology: An Opportunity for Reform Technology offers several promising ways to strengthen examination security, provided that it is implemented carefully. 1. Encrypted digital question papers Instead of relying entirely on the physical transportation of printed question papers, examination authorities can use encrypted digital files. These files remain unreadable without authorised decryption keys. They can be transmitted securely to examination centres and decrypted only shortly before the examination begins. Access should require multiple levels of authorisation, and the process should be recorded in tamper-evident audit logs. Encryption alone, however, cannot guarantee

security if authorised individuals misuse their access or if computers are compromised. Strong operational controls remain essential. 2. Computer-based examinations Computer-based testing can reduce some risks associated with printing and distributing large quantities of question papers. Questions may be drawn from secure question banks, with candidates receiving different but equivalent sets of questions. Randomisation can make organised cheating more difficult, while automated evaluation can reduce certain forms of human error. Nevertheless, computer-based examinations require reliable infrastructure, secure software, backup systems and adequate arrangements for candidates who face technical difficulties. 3. Artificial intelligence and data analytics Artificial intelligence can assist authorities in identifying unusual patterns that may indicate examination fraud. For example, data analysis may reveal suspicious similarities in answer patterns, repeated login anomalies or irregularities in examination-centre records. However, such findings should be treated as indicators for further investigation, not as proof of misconduct. Human oversight, transparent procedures and opportunities for appeal are necessary to prevent genuine students from being unfairly accused. 4. Biometric verification and secure

identification Facial verification, fingerprints or other authorised identity checks can help reduce impersonation. These measures should be proportionate to the risks involved and supported by alternative verification procedures for candidates who cannot use a particular biometric method. Personal information must be protected through strict access controls, limited data retention and compliance with applicable privacy laws. Technology should protect the examination process without unnecessarily compromising students’ dignity or privacy. 5. Blockchain and tamper-evident records Blockchain or other tamper-evident record systems may help maintain verifiable records of question-paper access, approvals, transfers and other critical events. Such systems can make unauthorised changes easier to detect. However, blockchain cannot prevent an authorised person from leaking a question paper before it is officially released. Its value lies primarily in improving traceability and accountability, not in providing a complete solution to examination fraud. Technology Alone Is Not Enough A secure examination system requires more than sophisticated software. Human behaviour, administrative weaknesses and institutional accountability remain central concerns. First, examination authorities must establish clear rules governing who can prepare, review,



access and approve question papers. No single individual should exercise unchecked control over the entire process. Separation of responsibilities and independent verification can reduce opportunities for misuse. Second, background verification, confidentiality agreements, regular security audits and strict penalties for deliberate misconduct should be part of a comprehensive framework. Whistle-blower protection can encourage employees to report suspicious activities without fear of retaliation. Third, examination centres must follow standardised security protocols. Secure storage, restricted access, surveillance where appropriate and documented handover procedures can help prevent breaches. Emergency plans should be prepared in advance so that suspicious activity can be investigated promptly without unnecessarily disrupting students. Finally, examination authorities should communicate transparently when irregularities occur. Delayed information, contradictory announcements and unclear decisions deepen public distrust. Timely disclosure, independent investigation and fair compensation or remedial arrangements, where justified, can demonstrate that students’ interests are being taken seriously. Equity Must Remain a Priority The transition to digital examinations should not create a new divide between students with access to technology and those without it. Candidates from rural areas and economically disadvantaged backgrounds may face unreliable internet connections, electricity shortages or limited familiarity with computers. Authorities must therefore invest in adequate infrastructure, accessible examination centres, practice tests and technical assistance. Backup power, secure offline capabilities where appropriate and clear procedures for system failures are essential. Technology should make examinations fairer, not more difficult for students who already face disadvantages. Rethinking the Purpose of Examinations Preventing paper leaks is essential, but the wider goal should be to improve the quality of assessment itself. Excessive dependence on a single high-stakes

examination places enormous pressure on students and creates incentives for malpractice. A balanced assessment framework can combine reliable examinations with school performance, practical work, projects and other appropriately designed evaluations. Any multiple-component system must itself be transparent, standardised where necessary and protected against bias or manipulation. Question banks should be regularly updated, and examinations should assess conceptual understanding, critical thinking and problem-solving rather than merely rewarding memorisation. When assessment becomes more meaningful and diverse, the education system can better recognise students’ actual abilities. The Way Forward Building a leak-resistant examination system requires coordinated action by governments, examination authorities, technology experts, educational institutions and society. Security measures should be tested independently, reviewed regularly and improved in response to emerging threats. Pilot projects can help identify technical weaknesses before new systems are introduced on a large scale. Most importantly, responsibility must remain clearly defined. Technology can detect suspicious activity, secure information and create reliable records, but accountable institutions and ethical conduct are indispensable. The ultimate objective is not simply to prevent question papers from leaking. It is to protect students’ dreams, reward genuine effort and preserve faith in education as a fair pathway to opportunity. A trustworthy examination system must combine secure technology, responsible administration and a strong ethical foundation. We may never eliminate every possible risk, but with thoughtful reforms, independent oversight and a commitment to fairness, we can build an examination system in which honesty is protected, malpractice is difficult and every student has a fair chance to succeed.

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The Untold Stories of Women Amid War and Conflict



Parivahan Vishesh News

Dr. Vijay Garg

War is often described through the language of military victories, territorial gains, political negotiations and strategic defeats. News reports focus on armies, weapons, destroyed cities and agreements between powerful leaders. Yet, behind these headlines lies another story, one that often remains unheard: the story of women who struggle to survive, protect their families and preserve their dignity amid violence and uncertainty. In conflict zones, women are not merely passive victims of circumstances. They are survivors, caregivers, peacebuilders and courageous individuals who carry the burden of rebuilding lives when war destroys the foundations of society. ### The Human Cost of Conflict When armed conflict erupts, women frequently face multiple dangers simultaneously. Bombardment, displacement, shortages of food and

medicine, and the destruction of essential services disrupt every aspect of daily life. Hospitals become inaccessible, schools close, livelihoods disappear and families are separated. Women who are pregnant, elderly, disabled or caring for young children may face particularly serious difficulties. Access to maternal healthcare, safe childbirth facilities, menstrual hygiene products and basic sanitation can become severely limited. A routine medical need may turn into a life-threatening emergency when roads are blocked or healthcare facilities are destroyed. The consequences extend beyond physical injuries. Witnessing violence, losing loved ones and living under constant fear can cause prolonged emotional distress. Many women must continue caring for children and elderly relatives while struggling with their own grief and insecurity. ### Displacement and the Loss of Home For millions of displaced women worldwide, war means losing far more than a house. It can mean losing employment,

education, community networks, personal belongings and the familiar surroundings that provide a sense of identity. Women fleeing conflict may travel long distances with children, often carrying only a few essential possessions. In refugee camps and temporary shelters, overcrowding, inadequate sanitation and limited privacy can expose them to additional risks. The absence of reliable documentation may also prevent them from accessing healthcare, education, financial assistance and legal protection. Displacement can create new economic hardships. Women who previously depended on family members for income may suddenly become the sole providers for their households. Without employment opportunities, childcare facilities or access to financial resources, rebuilding an independent life becomes extremely difficult. ### Gender-Based Violence: A Hidden Crisis One of the most disturbing realities of armed conflict is the increased risk of gender-based violence. Sexual violence,

exploitation, forced marriage, trafficking and domestic abuse can intensify when legal protections weaken and communities become unstable. Women and girls may face threats while fleeing their homes, collecting water, searching for food or travelling to shelters. In some situations, armed groups use sexual violence deliberately to intimidate communities, punish populations or destroy social relationships. Such crimes cause physical injuries, psychological trauma and long-term social consequences. Survivors may remain silent because of fear, stigma, threats or concerns about family rejection. This silence must never be mistaken for an absence of suffering. Governments, humanitarian organisations and local communities must establish safe reporting mechanisms, provide confidential medical and psychological support, protect survivors from retaliation and ensure that perpetrators are held accountable. Justice must be accessible, sensitive and centred on the

needs of survivors. ### Women as Caregivers and Breadwinners During conflict, women frequently assume responsibilities far beyond their traditional roles. They become the primary earners, decision-makers and protectors of their families when partners or other relatives are killed, injured, imprisoned or separated from them. Many women organise community kitchens, distribute essential supplies, care for displaced children and elderly people, and help neighbours locate missing family members. Others establish small businesses, volunteer in medical facilities or support local relief efforts. These activities are often overlooked because they rarely receive the attention given to military operations or political negotiations. Yet, such everyday acts of courage help communities survive and maintain social bonds under extraordinary pressure. Women should not be expected to endure suffering simply because they are resilient. Their courage deserves recognition, but it must also be supported through practical assistance, equal opportunities and effective protection. ### Education, Children and the Future Women living in conflict zones often carry the emotional responsibility of protecting children’s futures. School closures, displacement and economic hardship interrupt children’s education, sometimes for years. Girls may be particularly vulnerable to early marriage, exploitation, unpaid domestic work and permanent withdrawal from school. Education provides more than academic knowledge. It offers stability, confidence, social connection and hope for a better future. Temporary learning centres, safe schools, scholarships, digital learning opportunities and psychosocial support can help children continue learning even during emergencies. Supporting mothers and female caregivers is equally important. When women have access to healthcare, income, education and decision-making opportunities, families and communities become better equipped to recover from conflict. ### Women as Peacebuilders Despite the enormous challenges they face, women are not defined solely by suffering. Across conflict-affected societies, they negotiate local ceasefires, facilitate dialogue, document human rights

violations, provide humanitarian assistance and advocate for peaceful solutions. Their experiences often give them valuable insights into the everyday needs of communities, including food security, healthcare, housing, education and reconciliation. Meaningful participation by women in peace negotiations can help ensure that agreements address these concerns rather than focusing exclusively on political and military interests. Peace is more sustainable when women participate in decision-making, security planning and post-conflict reconstruction. Their involvement must be meaningful, not merely symbolic. ### Conclusion The untold stories of women amid war and conflict reveal both the devastating human consequences of violence and the extraordinary determination of those who survive it. Behind every displaced family, damaged community and interrupted childhood, there may be a woman struggling to preserve hope and rebuild a future. However, admiration for women’s courage cannot replace responsibility for their protection. Governments must uphold international humanitarian and human rights law, humanitarian agencies must provide essential services, and communities must reject discrimination and violence against survivors. Above all, women must be recognised not only as victims requiring assistance but also as individuals with rights, voices, skills and leadership potential. The true measure of peace is not simply the silence of weapons. It is whether women can walk safely, children can attend school, families can live with dignity and communities can rebuild without fear. Until these conditions become a reality, the untold stories of women in conflict zones will remain an urgent reminder that lasting peace must protect human dignity, justice and equality for all.

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Five-day Inter-State Dairy Training of 20 Animal Husbandmen from Kashmir Concludes at LUVAS

Parivahan Vishesh News

Special Emphasis on Scientific Dairy Farming, Clean Milk Production and Value Addition

Haryana Hisar // Rajesh Saluja

The five-day inter-state farmer training program organized by the Directorate of Extension Education of Lala Lajpat Rai University of Veterinary and Animal Sciences (LUVAS), Hisar on the topic “Promotion of Sustainable, Economically Viable and Profitable Dairy Farming” concluded. 20 animal husbandmen from Kashmir participated in this program organized under the guidance of Vice-Chancellor Prof. (Dr.) Vinod Kumar Verma and under the leadership of Director Extension Education Dr. Gautam. The main objective of the training was to make animal husbandmen aware of modern and scientific dairy management techniques and to encourage them to increase milk production, quality and income. In the closing ceremony, Director of Institute of Para Veterinary Sciences, LUVAS, Hisar, Dr. Sanjay Yadav was present as the chief guest. He motivated the animal husbandmen to



adopt scientific animal husbandry practices and use modern dairy management techniques. Emphasizing the processing and value addition of milk and milk products, he said that these measures can help in controlling production cost, better utilization of resources and increasing the income of animal husbandmen. During the training, participants were given information by experts on various important subjects including selection of improved breeds, scientific housing and breeding management, balanced animal feed, clean milk production, milk processing, fodder preservation

and silage making, prevention of zoonotic diseases, biosecurity and animal waste management. Apart from this, participants visited dairy farms of animal husbandmen of Haryana and gained practical experience of modern techniques and better management systems. On this occasion, Dr. Gautam, Director Extension Education, LUVAS said that the main objective of Directorate of Extension Education is to take scientific research and new techniques to farmers and animal husbandmen. He expressed confidence that the knowledge gained during the training will be

helpful in making the dairy business of animal husbandmen more sustainable and profitable. He also described the exchange of knowledge and experiences among animal husbandmen of different states as important. Participants who came under the guidance of Shri Manzoor Ahmed Wani, Extension Officer of Extension and Publicity Branch of Animal Husbandry Department of Kashmir, actively participated in the training. During the closing ceremony, trainees shared their experiences and certificates were distributed to them by the guests. The training program was coordinated by Extension Specialist Dr. Sarita. She expressed gratitude to various departments of the university, subject experts, officers and employees of Directorate of Extension Education who cooperated in successful organization of the program. This training program was an important initiative towards exchange of scientific information and practical experiences between animal husbandmen of Haryana and Kashmir. With this, participants got useful information to adopt modern dairy techniques, reduce production cost, improve milk quality and make dairy business more profitable.

Bajrang Club in Ghughritad was awash with Sindoor Khela, a day after Goddess Durga's farewell.

Parivahan Vishesh News

Women offered vermilion to the Goddess and played Sindoor Holi, praying for eternal good fortune and prosperity for their families.Gayaji. On the occasion of Sharadiya Navratri, Goddess Durga was worshipped with great devotion and enthusiasm at the Bajrang Club located on Bypass Ghughritad. Along with the club members, local devotees also participated enthusiastically in the puja pandal. The traditional Sindoor Khela was organized, in which women enthusiastically participated. Goddess Durga's farewell will be performed with due rituals the next day.After the Aarti, women offered vermilion to the Goddess and played Sindoor Holi by applying vermilion to each other. In no time, the entire puja pandal was awash with vermilion. During this, the women prayed to Goddess Durga for happiness, prosperity, well-being, and eternal good fortune for their



families. The entire event was marked by devotion, joy, and traditional faith.Sindoor Khela: A Symbol of Faith and TraditionSweety Kumari, former councilor of Ward No. 45 and social worker, said at the event that Sindoor Khela symbolizes faith, love, and harmony among women. It is an important religious ritual associated with Bengali tradition, in which women apply sindoor to each other after offering sindoor to

Goddess Durga. This ritual marks the departure of Goddess Durga and conveys the message of wishing for happiness, prosperity, and eternal good fortune in married life.An Emotional Farewell to the Goddess by Offering KhoinchaThe next day, after Sindoor Khela, Goddess Durga will be given an emotional farewell by offering Khoincha as per the rituals. During this, devotees will pray for her return next

year. While the atmosphere of devotion and emotion will prevail among the devotees regarding the Goddess's departure, there will also be an anticipation of her return next year. On this occasion, Organizing Committee President Dharmendra Malakar, Vice President Gaurav Sinha, Uday Chaudhary, Anil Dangi, Treasurer Anand Yadav along with other club members and local devotees were present.

Yesterday We Burnt Ravana, Did We Burn the Ravana Within?



Parivahan Vishesh News

Author - Dr. Vikram ChaurasiaThinker / Mentor / Activist / Delhi University

Yesterday, we all burnt Ravana. But did we burn the Ravana within us? Did we burn our own evil?We clapped, returned home, but the darkness of life remains the same. Because burning an effigy is easy, burning a tendency is difficult.Do not see Ravana merely as arrogance. There was desire in him, but there was restraint too. He abducted Sita, yet kept his vow not to touch her without her consent. Sita was found alive, that was Rama's strength. Sita was found pure, that was also Ravana's dignity.The Ravana of that age displayed his ten faces openly. Today's Ravana has hidden his faces. One face smiles, nine faces burn inside. He appears as Rama in front, and becomes Ravana behind the back.The question of the burning Ravana still echoes — “Is there any Rama among you?”We burn the effigy, but we keep nurturing deceit, fraud, lies, cunning, jealousy, envy and selfishness within us.Today discrimination is at its peak. Identity matters more than merit, connection matters more than capability. Caste, religion, wealth and position have raised walls between human and human.Did Rama fight a war for this Ram Rajya?The Eternal Truth of LifeThe time of birth is fixed at nine months, the time of death is not fixed. Some live for a hundred years, some depart at the moment of birth. No one knows when the next breath will be

the last. Yet we have no compassion.Remember, in the end we will all be dust. There will be no difference between the dust of the rich and the dust of the poor. What will go with us is only our conduct, compassion and humanity. Then, what is this deceit, this selfishness for?Let us take a resolve this Vijayadashami1. Stay firm on truth — Whether there is profit or loss, give up lies, deceit and cunning.2. Do not pull down, lift up — Do not pull anyone's leg, hold their hand and move forward. Rising by pushing someone down is not rising.3. Service is the true religion — With whatever capacity you have, become a support for the hungry, the orphan and the helpless. Service to humanity is the true religion, and this service must continue till the last breath.4. Treat a human as a human — Think above caste and religion. Equality, compassion and humanity are the true national religion.This is the true Dussehra. This is the true Vijayadashami.Rama is not a person, he is an idea. Ravana is not a person, he is a tendency. The day we conquer the arrogance, jealousy and selfishness within us, that day will be the true Vijayadashami.Say to yourself —“Today I burn my ego, from today I begin the journey of becoming Rama.” “Love all, Serve all — this is the greatest religion.”Let us walk from today on the path of selfless service and equality, keeping humanity supreme. This will be the greatest sanskar we give to the coming generation. This is Rashttradharma, this is Manavdharm.

Devi Durga Visarjan and Vijayadashami Ravan Dahan

Parivahan Vishesh News

Confluence of Faith in Murhu-Khunti

Dr. Deepak Kumar Ghosh

Khunti. On the auspicious festival of Vijayadashami, along with the entire Khunti district, Sharadiya Navratri concluded in an emotional atmosphere with the immersion of Maa Durga in Murhu block as well. The festival of Vijayadashami was also celebrated with great enthusiasm. In Mahadev Manda of Murhu, Torpa, Kunjla, Rania, Kodakel, Ganaloya etc., people of all communities have been uniting and participating in Durga Puja including Maa Chandraghanta since the third day of Navratri, which is giving a message of social unity. The Durga Puja tradition going on for years in the

famous Hari Mandir of Khunti is devotional and delightful. Here on Vijayadashami, Sindoor Khela and Dhunuchi dance is a special attraction and the festival ends with idol immersion on Dashami. In Murhu, devotees take the idol of Maa around the basti-village and take it to the river and lake bank. On the bank of a lake with less water, where on the other side there are grass-thatch and Kans plants, there collectively showing their back with humble feelings, Maa is being bid farewell. With floating diyas, flowers and slogans of "Agle Baras Tu Jaldi Aa", the atmosphere is emotional. Ravan Dahan program was also held at Khunti, Kodakel, Torpa etc. Local people believe that Maa Durga returns to her abode by blessing her devotees with happiness and prosperity, so Visarjan is not just a tradition, it is a festival of faith.

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Pinki Kundu

the field of cyber crime awareness. Her presence on the show created a powerful public education model by combining celebrity influence, youth appeal, and dramatized narratives based on real cyber crime incidents. Below is a detailed and structured analysis of her contribution, based on the documented format and objectives of the show.Sunny Leone, a Bollywood actress extremely popular among young audiences, significantly enhanced the reach and credibility of MTV Webbed — a show created to expose the dark side of the internet through dramatized stories of real cyber crime cases. Her involvement increased viewer engagement, made the messages more memorable, and normalized conversations on cyber security among youth.Objective of MTV WebbedThe show was designed with the following goals:• Highlight real cyber crime incidents such as identity theft, cyberbullying, revenge pornography, fake accounts, and online exploitation• Educate youth with the core message: “Think before you click”• Provide safe online behavior tips from cyber law experts at the end of each episodeSunny Leone's participation made these messages more relatable and widely acceptable.Sunny Leone's Role in Cyber Awareness1. Celebrity Credibility and Youth InfluenceSunny Leone has a massive digital following — especially among young people, who are the most frequent victims of cyberbullying, impersonation, and online fraud. Her presence:• Attracted viewers who normally do not watch cyber security content• Normalized conversations on online harassment and exploitation• Added emotional depth to the stories, making the messages more memorable2. Humanizing Cyber Crime NarrativesEpisodes associated with her often focused on:• Obsession driven cyber crimes• Fake accounts created for revenge• Manipulation through social media interactionsThese dramatizations helped viewers understand how quickly online interactions can escalate into criminal behaviour.3. Breaking StereotypesHer journey — from a

Today's Cybersecurity Thought Sunny Leone making cyber awareness “cool” rather than preachy @MTV Webbed.

Parivani Vishesh News

Sunny Leone's participation in MTV Webbed emerges as a highly influential and strategically designed intervention in



former adult industry professional to a mainstream actress — gives her unique credibility on issues such as:• Online harassment• Misuse of private photographs• Stigma based cyberbullyingHer voice feels authentic and relatable.Impact of Her Participation1. Increased in Viewership and EngagementEpisodes promoted with her name received higher views on YouTube and MTV India. This led to:• Higher click through rates• Increased social media discussions• Wider circulation of cyber awareness clips2. Better Message RetentionResearch on celebrity advocacy shows that youth remember messages better when delivered by familiar faces. Her involvement:• Reinforced the seriousness of cyber crime• Motivated adoption of safer digital habits• Made cyber law tips less technical and more practical3. Normalization of Cyber Crime ReportingThe show consistently emphasized:• Reporting suspicious online behaviour• Avoiding impulsive engagement with harmful content• Using platform based reporting toolsSunny Leone's presence reduced hesitation among youth regarding reporting.4. Cultural Shift Toward Responsible Digital

BehaviourHer involvement contributed to:• Greater acceptance of cyber security discussions in schools and colleges• Increased parental interest in youth online behaviour• More conversations on digital consent, privacy, and online boundariesWhy This Matters for Cyber Crime PreventionCyber crime grows due to:• Ignorance• Impulsive online behaviour• Social media addiction• Lack of reportingBy combining celebrity influence with real incident based storytelling, MTV Webbed created a highly effective awareness model that:• Educates• Empowers• Promotes responsible digital citizenshipSunny Leone's participation was not merely a promotional appearance — it was a meaningful contribution to India's cyber security landscape. Her presence:• Expanded the reach of cyber crime awareness• Strengthened youth engagement• Encouraged safer digital behaviour• Normalized conversations on online exploitation and reportingThis model — celebrity driven, story based cyber awareness — remains one of the most effective outreach strategies for young audiences.



FIR against 18 in ₹50 Crore Temple Land Sale in Ballia

Parivahan Vishesh News

Accused of selling temple and pond land in Rasra as private property using fake municipal documents

Report - Special Correspondent, Parivahan Vishesh Samachar Patra, Ballia (Uttar Pradesh)

— * In Rasra area, police have registered a case against 18 people on the direction of the court. It is alleged that about 6.5 bigha of temple and pond land, whose value is stated to be around 39 crore, but the collective market value of the entire area has been estimated to be around 6 crore per bigha, the base value is 50 crore, was sold with the help of fake documents. This land was dedicated to Shri Thakur Ji and Shri Mahadev Ji temple and the adjacent pond. *Action on court's order*Rikhi Lal, the Sarvaharkar and caretaker of the temples, had filed an application in the court of Additional Chief Judicial Magistrate-I, Ballia, complaining about it. Investigation started on the court's direction on that. According to the complaint, the disputed land is officially recorded in government records in the name of deities and pond. It is alleged that Manovar Ali and his family members, by manipulation, obtained house numbers on the pond land in the house tax register of Rasra Municipal Council. These artificial municipal entries were used to show sacred and public land as private holding, after which sale deeds (title registrations) were executed in

FIR Against 18 in Rs 50 Crore Temple Land Sale in Ballia

Accused of selling temple and pond land in Rasra as private property using fake municipal documents.



Sanjay Kumar Bathla Chief Editor, Pinky Kundu Co-Editor.

favour of several private persons on July 28 and July 30. *Prime location disputed for two decades*The disputed land includes seven different plots — 0.121, 0.360, 0.267, 0.134, 0.227, 0.154 and 0.004 hectare, along with 0.361 hectare land connected to the pond. The total 1.628 hectare area is located near the police chowki in the main market area of Rasra, which has been stuck in ownership dispute for about 20 years. At the local rate of 50 crore, which is subject to administrative verification. *People named in FIR*A total of 18 people have been booked including 17 named persons and unknown accused in the FIR. Named: Izhar Ahmed, Vakil

Ahmed, Aftab Ahmed, Shabra Khatoon, Muhammad Ahmed, Amjad Ali, Saddam Hussain, Shamsher Alam, Muhammad Gori, Pushpraj Verma, Sanjeet Kumar Prasad, Sarfaraz Ansari, Usha Verma, Pallu Verma, Thakurji Verma, Paras Nath Gupta and Suresh Kumar. *Investigating officer* is reviewing municipal tax registers, revenue department entries and deed registration to find out how public and religious property was certified for private transfer. *Next step* — Police is now investigating the role of beneficiaries, the chain of document forgery and officials involved in manipulation of municipal records.

Ravana Dahan program celebrated in Ranchi in the presence of Governor and Minister of State for Defence

Parivahan Vishesh News

Kartik Kumar Parichha, State Head Jharkhand

Ranchi: A grand Ravana Dahan ceremony was organized on the occasion of Vijayadashami on Tuesday evening at the historic Morabadi grounds in the capital, Ranchi. A large number of people gathered to witness this event, symbolizing the victory of good over evil. Ravana Dahan was performed in the presence of Minister of State for Defense and Jharkhand Governor Santosh Gangwar.

During this, the entire ground reverberated with rising from the effigies chants of "Jai Shri Ram." and the fireworks on The grand fireworks display won the hearts of the people. The fireworks, which spread the colorful lights in the sky, were the main attraction.During the event, the golden Lanka was burned first. Following this, giant effigies of Meghnad, Kumbhakarna, and Ravana were burned one after the other. As the effigies caught fire, people in the field chanted "Jai Shri Ram." The burning of Ravana's effigy conveyed the message of the victory of good over evil. People

captured the flames their mobile phones. The grand fireworks display during the Ravana Dahan ceremony at the Morabadi ground added to the enchantment of the event. The colorful lights and fireworks thrilled those present. Great enthusiasm was evident among everyone, from children to the elderly. People who came with their families enjoyed the Ravana Dahan. As soon as the Ravana effigy was engulfed in flames, the field erupted in applause and cheers. Governor

Santosh Gangwar stated that the festival of Vijayadashami is celebrated to commemorate Lord Shri Ram's victory over Ravana. Through the burning of Ravana, society is given the message to abandon ego, injustice, and evil and follow the path of truth, righteousness, and morality. The Ravana Dahan ceremony held at Morabadi Grounds brought this tradition to life. People celebrated the festival with enthusiasm and zeal. With this event, the joy of Dussehra celebrations in the capital reached its peak.



Expression of infinite aspiration



Parivahan Vishesh News

Dr. Shailesh Shukla

The desire to express oneself is one of the most natural and deepest desires of the human mind. This desire is with us from birth. When a newborn baby cries, it is also expressing itself. Whether it is hungry, cold, or longs for its mother's embrace, it cannot express itself in words, but by crying and waving its hands and legs, it brings out its inner feelings. As humans grow older, their methods of expression change, but their basic need remains the same: to express whatever is within them in some form, to reach others, and to be understood. This desire led humans to develop language, invent script, and give birth to art, music, dance, painting, and literature. From a psychological perspective, expression is linked to self-identity. Unless a person expresses their thoughts and feelings, they themselves are often unclear about what they truly think and feel. Sometimes, when we discuss this dilemma with a friend, we find a solution. This is because expression is not just a process of communicating with others; it is also a process of self-understanding. When we put our vague and scattered thoughts into words, they become organized and their meaning becomes clear. Thus, expression becomes a means of self-reflection and self-realization. A major question of human existence is who am I and what is the meaning of my existence. We cannot find the answer to this question until we express ourselves. When we express our ideas, society reacts to them. Some agree, some disagree, some raise questions. It is from these reactions that we discover where we are similar to others and where we differ. This difference creates our unique identity. If humans did not have the desire to express themselves, everyone would be alike; there would be no originality, no new ideas would be born. Scientific discoveries, literary visions, social reform movements — all these are the result of someone's courage to speak their mind. Another important aspect of expression is emotional release. Hundreds of emotions come and go through our minds every day: happiness, sadness, love, jealousy, anger, fear, hope, and despair. If we don't have the opportunity to express these emotions, they accumulate within us and become a burden on the mind. In modern psychology, these are called repressed emotions. Emotions that remain unexpressed for a long time can cause stress, anxiety, insomnia, and even physical illness. Conversely, when a person expresses their feelings to a trusted person, or releases them through writing, drawing, or music, they feel a sense of relief. That's why crying, writing, and laughing openly are considered essential for health. Expression is a form of mental cleansing. Expression is also the foundation of social relationships. We can deepen relationships only when we share our true thoughts and feelings with others. Without open expression between husband and wife, parents and children, or friends, relationships become mere formalities. Expressing

love, apologizing, expressing gratitude, and admitting mistakes are all forms of expression that bring relationships to life. In society, where there is freedom of expression, new ideas are exchanged, criticism and self-criticism occur, and society progresses. Where expression is restricted, an atmosphere of fear and distrust is created, and creativity is stifled. There are many mediums of expression, and each individual chooses one according to their nature. Some people are more comfortable with words; they express themselves through talking, writing, or reciting poetry. Others express themselves through action; for example, an athlete expresses their hard work and dedication through their play, an artisan through their craftsmanship, and a farmer through his harvest. All forms of art are mediums of expression. Folk dances, folk songs, rangoli, mehndi, festive decorations, and even our clothing and gestures reflect our inner state. A primary objective of education should be to help each child find their own medium of expression, rather than forcing everyone into the same mold. Often, the desire for expression is hindered. The biggest obstacle is the fear of rejection. From childhood, we are taught not to speak too much, to remain silent in front of elders, to be worried about what people will say. Gradually, we learn to hide our true thoughts and say only what others like. This creates two personalities within us: one who we truly are and the other who we present to the world. The greater the gap between these two, the more stressed a person will be. Another obstacle is the lack of words or tools. Many people have deep experiences but lack the appropriate words, language, or art to express them. Therefore, language and art education is not just a subject; it is the development of the ability to express. The third obstacle is the lack of listeners. If someone speaks and there is no one to listen, or if the listener ridicules them, the speaker's courage is broken. Expression doesn't mean simply saying whatever comes to mind without thinking. True expression involves both responsibility and sensitivity. Expressing your thoughts in a way that conveys clarity without hurting others is also a skill. Mahatma Gandhi said that freedom of expression also means respecting the freedom of others. Therefore, education must also teach how to express one's views, when to express them, and in what language. Words spoken with humility, logic, and evidence are more effective and remembered longer. In today's times, when social media has given everyone a platform for expression, this desire has become even more important. Everyone posts something multiple times a day, sharing their photos, their thoughts, their opinions. This might seem like expression has become easier than ever. But the reality is that meaningful expression has become even more difficult in this crowd. We need to consider whether what we share is our true experience or merely a means to garner praise from others. True expression is not about gaining praise, but about revealing the truth. When expression is done solely for likes and comments, it gradually loses its authenticity. Finally, it's important to understand that the desire to express oneself isn't an external desire that needs to be fulfilled. It's as essential to our mental, emotional, and social health as breathing is to our bodies. A person who fails to express themselves suffocates within and gradually loses their originality. A person who consistently and honestly expresses themselves not only gains a better understanding of themselves but also contributes something new to society. Therefore, it's the responsibility of families, schools, and society to ensure that everyone, especially children and young people, believes that their voices matter, their voices are heard, and that they have something unique to say. Only when everyone has this opportunity and respect can a creative, sensitive, and vibrant society be created.

Dr. Shailesh Shukla Awarded with ' Rajbhasha Gaurav Award ' by the Home Ministry , Government of India.

Cyber Fraud: Man Arrested in Goa for Cheating Woman of ₹60 Lakh on Promise of Marriage



Parivahan Vishesh News

Manoranjan Sasmal, State Head Odisha

Bhubaneswar: In a major cyber fraud case involving a false promise of marriage, Ganjam Cyber Crime Police have arrested the prime accused from Goa for allegedly cheating a woman of approximately 12,31,976 in funds. Police said the investigation has revealed the accused's alleged involvement in several fraud cases in the past. He reportedly created fake profiles and targeted widowed women by promising marriage before allegedly cheating them. According to police, his involvement in various fraud cases dates back to 2015. Cases have reportedly been registered against him in Konark and Puri, the Berhampur Cyber Crime Police Station, and various police stations in Bhubaneswar. Police estimates suggest that the total amount involved in these cases could be around 2,080 in cash and froze or placed a hold on approximately 60 lakh to various bank accounts. During the investigation, police seized seven mobile phones, seven SIM cards, six charge rs, fake rubber stamps, a stamp pad, debit card s, Aadhaar and voter identity cards, a railway identity card, a fake court order and a forged SBI demand draft receipt from the accused. Police also recovered 60 lakh through a matrimonial platform. The accused, identified as Jinu Sahani alias Rakesh Rajput, was arrested in Goa. He is a native of Piyanpada village under Phulbani police station limits in Kandhamal district. The details were shared by DSP Girija Patnaik and IIC Jyotiranjana Behera during a press conference at the Cyber Crime Police Station in Chhatrapur. According to police, the complainant, 31-year-old Shraddha Suman Panda of Bhanjanagar, had created a profile on Jeansathi.com to seek a partner for remarriage. Taking advantage of the opportunity, the accused allegedly contacted her using a false identity, introducing himself as "Sai Krupa Das" from Bhubaneswar. After establishing a relationship, he allegedly promised to marry her and gradually extracted money by narrating various fabricated stories. At times, he claimed that his father was seriously ill or had died, while on other occasions, he said he was suffering from psoriasis and needed financial assistance. To gain her trust, the accused allegedly sent fake photographs, conducted video calls and shared forged medical documents through WhatsApp. He also falsely claimed that his bank account had been frozen and allegedly took control of the complainant's Union Bank account. Believing his claims, the woman reportedly mortgaged her gold jewellery and borrowed money from family members and others before transferring approximately 2 crore. Further investigation is underway to identify other victims, trace the money trail and establish the full extent of the alleged fraud.